



2017

DQ8051CPU IP Core



Revolutionary Quad-Pipelined Ultra High Performance 8-bit Microcontroller v. 6.00

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Digital Core Design is a leading IP Core provider and a System-on-Chip design house. The company was founded in 1999 and since the very beginning has been focused on IP Core architecture improvements. Our innovative, silicon proven solutions have been employed by over 300 customers and with more than 500 hundred licenses sold to companies like Intel, Siemens, Philips, General Electric, Sony and Toyota. Based on more than 70 different architectures, starting from serial interfaces to advanced microcontrollers and SoCs, we are designing solutions tailored to your needs.

IP CORE OVERVIEW

The DQ8051CPU is an **ultra-high performance, speed optimized** soft core of a single-chip 8-bit embedded controller, designed to operate with fast (typically on-chip) and slow (off-chip) memories. The core has been designed with a special concern about performance to power consumption ratio. This ratio is extended by the **PMU – an advanced Power Management Unit**. The DQ8051CPU soft core is 100% binary-compatible with the 8051 industry standard 8-bit microcontroller. The DQ8051CPU has a built-in configurable DoCD-JTAG on-chip debugger, supporting Keil μ Vision development platform and a standalone DoCD debug software. **Dhrystone 2.1 benchmark program runs from 19.69 to 26.62 times faster than the original 80C51 at the same frequency.** This performance can be also exploited to a great advantage in low power applications, where the core can be clocked over ten times more slowly than the original implementation, with no performance penalty. The DQ8051CPU is fully customizable - it is delivered in the exact configuration to meet your requirements. The DQ8051CPU is delivered with **fully automated test bench** and complete set of tests, allowing easy package validation at each stage of SoC design flow.

CPU FEATURES

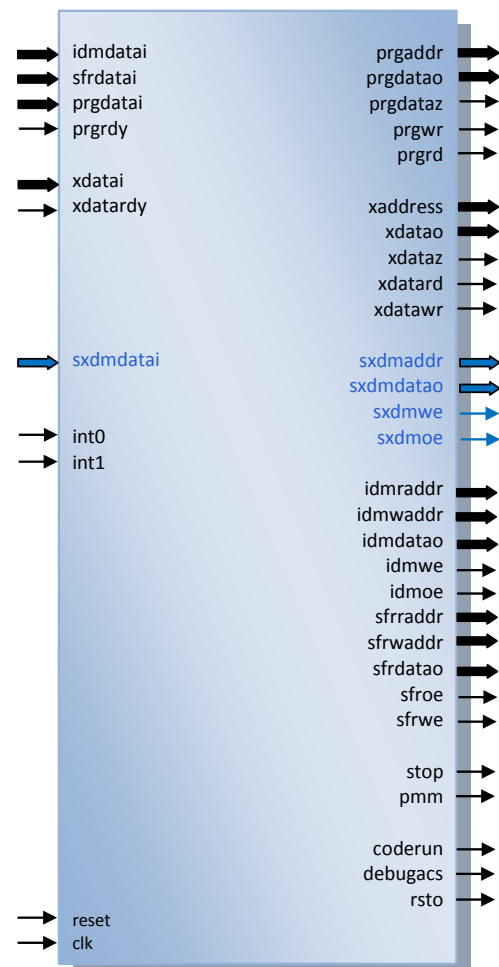
- 100% software compatible with the 8051 industry standard
- Quad-Pipelined architecture enables to execute 26.62 times faster than the original 80C51 at the same frequency
- Up to 25.053 VAX MIPS at 100 MHz
- 24 times faster multiplication
- 12 times faster addition
- 2 Data Pointers (DPTR) for faster memory blocks copying
 - Advanced INC & DEC modes
 - Auto-switch of current DPTR
- Up to 256 bytes of internal (on-chip) Data Memory - IDM
- Up to 64K bytes of Program Memory
- Up to 16M bytes of external (off-chip) Data Memory - XDM
 - Synchronous interface for up to 64K bytes of (on-chip) fast external Data Memory - (SXDM)
- User programmable Program Memory Wait States solution for wide range of memories speed
- User programmable External Data Memory Wait States solution for wide range of memories speed

- De-multiplexed Address/Data bus to allow easy connection to memory
- Interface for additional Special Function Registers
- Fully synthesizable, static synchronous design with no internal tri-states
- Scan test ready

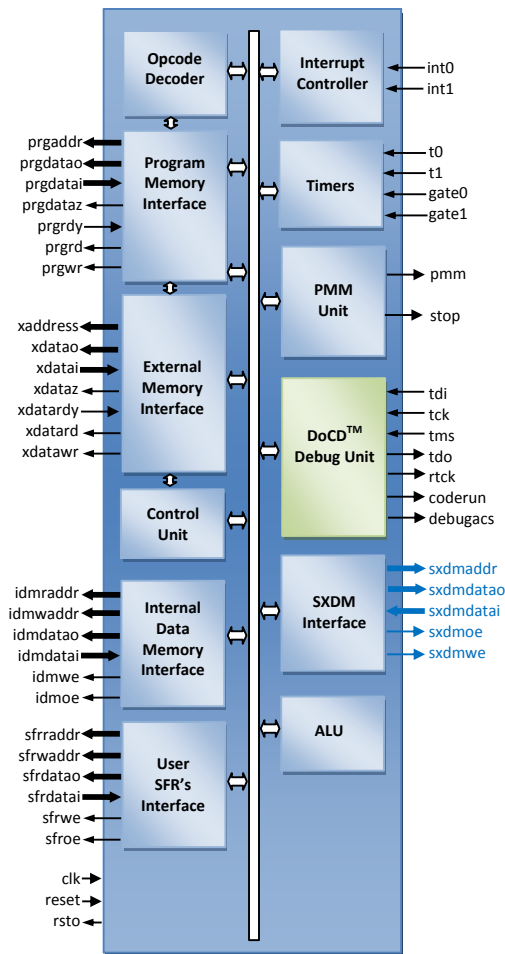
DELIVERABLES

- ◆ Source code:
 - VHDL Source Code or/and
 - VERILOG Source Code or/and
 - Encrypted, or plain text EDIF
- ◆ VHDL & VERILOG test bench environment
 - Active-HDL automatic simulation macros
 - ModelSim automatic simulation macros
 - Tests with reference responses
- ◆ Technical documentation
 - Installation notes
 - HDL core specification
 - Datasheet
- ◆ Synthesis scripts
- ◆ Example application
- ◆ Technical support
 - IP Core implementation support
 - 3 months maintenance
 - Delivery of the IP Core and documentation updates, minor and major versions changes
 - Phone & email support

SYMBOL



BLOCK DIAGRAM



CONFIGURATION

The following parameters of the DQ8051CPU core can be easily adjusted to requirements of a dedicated application and technology. The configuration of the core can be effortlessly done, by changing appropriate constants in the package file. There is no need to change any parts of the code.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| • Second Data Pointer (DPTR1) | - used |
| • DPTR0 decrement | - unused |
| • DPTR1 decrement | - unused |
| • Data Pointers auto-switch | - used |
| • Data Pointers auto-update | - unused |
| • Interrupts | - used |
| • Power Management Mode | - unused |
| • Stop mode | - used |
| • Synchronous XDM | - unused |
| • DoCD™ debug unit | - size |
| | - used |
| | - unused |

Besides parameters mentioned above, all available peripherals and external interrupts can be excluded from the core, by changing appropriate constants in the package file.

DESIGN FEATURES

◆ PROGRAM MEMORY:

The DQ8051CPU soft core is dedicated for operation with Internal or External Program Memory. Program Memory can be implemented as ROM, RAM or FLASH.

◆ INTERNAL DATA MEMORY:

The DQ8051CPU can address Internal Data Memory of up to 256 bytes. The Internal Data Memory can be implemented as synchronous RAM.

◆ EXTERNAL DATA MEMORY:

The DQ8051CPU soft core can address up to 16 MB of External Data Memory. Extra DPX (*Data Pointer eXtended*) register is used for segments swapping.

◆ SYNCHRONOUS XDM:

The DQ8051CPU soft core can address up to 64kB of fast on-chip Synchronous External Data Memory. All reads and writes are executed in one clock cycle.

◆ USER SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS:

Up to 60 External (user) Special Function Registers (ESFRs) may be added to the DQ8051CPU design. ESFRs are memory mapped into Direct Memory between addresses 0x80 and 0xFF in the same manner as core SFRs and may occupy any address that is not occupied by a core SFR.

◆ WAIT STATES SUPPORT:

The DQ8051CPU soft core is dedicated for operation with wide range of Program and Data memories. Slow Program and External Data memory may assert a memory Wait signal to hold up CPU activity.

LICENSING

Comprehensible and clearly defined licensing methods **without royalty-per-chip fees** make use of our IP Cores easy and simple.

Single-Site license option – dedicated to small and middle sized companies, which run their business in one place.

Multi-Site license option – dedicated to corporate customers, who operate at several locations. The licensed product can be used in selected company branches.

In all cases the number of IP Core instantiations within a project and the number of manufactured chips are unlimited. The license is royalty-per-chip free. There are no restrictions regarding the time of use.

There are two formats of the delivered IP Core:

- VHDL or Verilog RTL synthesizable HDL Source code
- FPGA EDIF/NGO/NGD/QXP/VQM Netlist

UNITS SUMMARY

ALU – Arithmetic Logic Unit performs the arithmetic and logic operations, during execution of an instruction. It contains accumulator (ACC), Program Status Word (PSW), (B) registers and related logic, like arithmetic unit, logic unit, multiplier and divider.

Opcode Decoder – Performs an opcode decoding instruction and control functions for all other blocks.

Control Unit – It performs the core synchronization and data flow control. This module is directly connected to Opcode

Decoder and it manages the execution of all microcontroller tasks.

Program Memory Interface – Program Memory Interface contains Program Counter (PC) and related logic. It performs the instructions code fetching. Program Memory can be also written. This feature allows usage of a small boot loader, to load new program into ROM, RAM, EPROM or FLASH EEPROM storage via UART, SPI, I2C or DoCD™ module.

External Data Memory Interface - It contains memory access related registers, such as Data Pointer High (DPH), Data Pointer Low (DPL), Data Page Pointer (DPP), MOVX @Ri address register (MXAX) and STRETCH registers. It performs the memory addressing and data transfers. It also allows applications software to access up to 16MB of external data memory. The DPP register is used for segments swapping. STRETCH register allows flexible timing management, while accessing different speed system devices, by programming XDATAWR and XDATAR pulse width between 1 and 8 clock periods.

Synchronous eXternal Data Memory (SXDM) Interface – contains XDATA memory access related logic, allowing fast access to synchronous memory devices. It performs the external Data Memory addressing and data transfers. This memory can be used to store large variables frequently accessed by CPU, improving overall performance of application.

Internal Data Memory Interface – Interface controls access to the internal memory of size up to 256 bytes. It contains 8-bit Stack Pointer (SP) register and related logic.

User SFRs Interface – Special Function Registers interface controls access to the special registers. It contains standard and used defined registers and related logic. User defined external devices can be quickly accessed (read, written, modified), by using all direct addressing mode instructions.

Interrupt Controller – Interrupt Controller module is responsible for the interrupt manage system of external and internal interrupt sources. It contains interrupt related registers, such as Interrupt Enable (IE), Interrupt Priority (IP) and (TCON) registers.

Power Management Unit – Power Management Unit contains advanced power saving mechanisms with switchback feature, allowing external clock control logic to stop clocking (Stop mode) or run core in lower clock frequency (Power Management Mode), to significantly reduce power consumption. Switchback feature allows UARTs and interrupts to be processed in full speed mode, if enabled. It's highly desirable, when microcontroller is planned to be used in portable and power critical applications.

DoCD™ Debug Unit – it's a **real-time hardware debugger**, which provides debugging capability of a whole SoC system. Unlike other on-chip debuggers, **DoCD™** ensures **non-intrusive debugging** of running application. It can halt, run, step into or skip an instruction, read/write any contents of microcontroller, including all registers, internal and external program memories and all SFRs, including user defined peripherals. Hardware breakpoints can be set and controlled on program memory, internal and external data memories, as well as on SFRs. Hardware watchpoints can be set and controlled on internal and external data memories and also on SFRs. Hardware watchpoints are executed, if any write /read

occurs at particular address, with certain data pattern or without pattern. Two additional pins: CODERUN and DEBUGACS, indicate the state of the debugger and CPU. CODERUN is active, when CPU is executing an instruction. DEBUGACS pin is active, when any access is performed by **DoCD™** debugger. The **DoCD™** system includes **JTAG interface** and complete set of tools, to communicate and work with core in real time debugging. It is built, as a scalable unit and some features can be turned off by the user, to save silicon and reduce power consumption. When debugger is not used, it is automatically switched to power save mode. Finally, when debug option is no longer used, whole debugger is turned off.

PINS DESCRIPTION

PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
clk	input	Global clock
reset	input	Global reset
prgdatai	input	Data bus from program memory
prgrdy	input	Program memory ready
sxdmdatai	input	Data bus from synchronous external data memory (SXDM)
xdatai	input	Data bus from external memories
xdatardy	input	External data memory ready
idmdatai	input	Data bus from internal data memory
sfrdatai	input	Data bus from user SFR's
int0	input	External interrupt 0
int1	input	External interrupt 1
tdi	input	DoCD™ TAP data input
tck	input	DoCD™ TAP clock input
tms	input	DoCD™ TAP mode select input
rsto	output	Reset output
prgaddr	output	Internal program memory address bus
prgdatao	output	Data bus for internal program memory
prgdataz	output	Turn prgdata bus into 'Z' state
prgwr	output	Program memory write
prgrd	output	Program memory read
sxdmaddr	output	Synchronous XDATA memory address bus
sxdmdatao	output	Data bus for Synchronous XDATA memory
sxdmoe	output	Synchronous XDATA memory read
sxdmwe	output	Synchronous XDATA memory write
xaddress	output	Address bus for external data memory
xdatao	output	Data bus for external data memory
xdataz	output	Turn xdata bus into 'Z' state
xdatar	output	External data memory read
xdatawr	output	External data memory write
idmraddr	output	IDM read address bus
idmwaddr	output	IDM write address bus
idmdatao	output	Data bus for internal data memory
idmoe	output	Internal data memory output enable
idmwe	output	Internal data memory write enable
sfraddr	output	Read address bus for user SFR's
sfrwaddr	output	Write address bus for user SFR's
sfrdatao	output	Data bus for user SFR's
sfroe	output	User SFR's read enable
sfrwe	output	User SFR's write enable
rtck	output	DoCD™ return clock line
debugacs	output	DoCD™ accessing data
coderrun	output	CPU is executing an instruction
pmm	output	Power management mode indicator
stop	output	Stop mode indicator
rxdo	output	Serial receiver output 0
txdo	output	Serial transmitter output 0

DQ8051 FAMILY OVERVIEW

The main features of each DQ8051 family member have been summarized in the table below. It gives a brief member characteristic, helping you to select the most suitable IP Core for your application. You can specify your own peripheral set (including listed below and others) and requests the core modifications.

Design	Architecture speed grade	Program Memory space			Stack space size	Internal Data Memory space	External Data Memory space	External Data / Program Memory Wait States	Power Management Unit	Interface for additional SFRs	Interrupt sources	Interrupt levels	Data Pointers	Timer/Counters	UART	I/O Ports	Compare/Capture	Watchdog	Master I ² C Bus Controller	Slave I ² C Bus Controller	SPI	Fixed Point Coprocessor	Floating Point Coprocessor
		on-chip RAM	on-chip ROIM	off-chip																			
DQ8051CPU	25.1	64k	64k	64k	256	256	16M	✓	✓	✓	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DQ8051	25.1	64k	64k	64k	256	256	16M	✓	✓	✓	5	2	2	2	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DQ8051XP	26.6	64k	64k	64k	256	256	16M	✓	✓	✓	15	2	2	3	2	4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

DQ8051 family of Pipelined High Performance Microcontroller Cores

PERIPHERALS

- DoCD™ debug unit
 - Processor execution control
 - Run, Halt
 - Step into instruction
 - Skip instruction
 - Read-write all processor contents
 - Program Counter (PC)
 - Program Memory
 - Internal (direct) Data Memory
 - Special Function Registers (SFRs)
 - External Data Memory
 - Code execution breakpoints
 - up to eight real-time PC breakpoints
 - unlimited number of real-time OP CODE breakpoints
 - Hardware execution watch-points at
 - Internal (direct) Data Memory
 - Special Function Registers (SFRs)
 - External Data Memory
 - Hardware watch-points activated at a certain
 - address by any write into memory
 - address by any read from memory
 - address by write into memory a required data
 - address by read from memory a required data
 - Instructions Smart Trace Buffer – configurable up to 8192 levels (optional)
 - Automatic adjustment of debug data transfer speed rate between HAD and Silicon
 - JTAG Communication interface
- Power Management Unit
 - Power management mode
 - Switchback feature
 - Stop mode
- Extended Interrupt Controller
 - 2 priority levels
 - 2 external interrupt sources

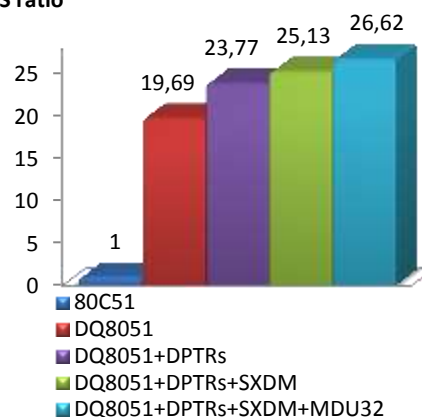
PERFORMANCE

One of the most important performance parameters is the real application speed improvement, comparing to the well-known 80C51 architecture. The Dhrystone Benchmark Version 2.1 was used to measure the 80C51 and the DQ8051CPU core performance. The following table gives a survey about the DQ8051CPU performance in terms of Dhrystone VAX MIPS per 1 MHz and its improvement comparing to the 80C51.

Device	DMIPS/MHz	Ratio
80C51	0,00941	1,00
DQ8051	0,18527	19,69
DQ8051+DPTRs	0,22369	23,77
DQ8051+DPTRs+SXDM	0,23650	25,13
DQ8051+DPTRs+SXDM+MDU32	0,25053	26,62

Core performance in terms of DMIPS per MHz

VAX MIPS ratio



The following table gives a survey about the DQ8051CPU core area in Xilinx Programmable Logic Devices after Place & Route (CPU features and peripherals included):

Device	Speed	Min area	F _{max}
SPARTAN-6	-3	1600 LUT	60 MHz
VIRTEX-4	-12	1800 Slices	60 MHz
VIRTEX-5	-3	1500 LUT	110 MHz
VIRTEX-6	-3	1500 LUT	125 MHz

DQ8051CPU core area and performance in XILINX® devices.

Results given for working system with two DPTRs and connected 256B IDM, 8kB CODE and 2kB SXDM memories.

CONTACT

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